Revue d'histoire de l'Amérique française



The Canadian Historical Review, XXXI, 2 (Toronto, June 1950): 125-144. R.A. PRESTON, "The Laconia Company of 1629: An English Attempt to Intercept the Fur Trade"

Gordon O. Rothney

Volume 4, Number 2, septembre 1950

URI: https://id.erudit.org/iderudit/801647ar DOI: https://doi.org/10.7202/801647ar

See table of contents

Publisher(s)

Institut d'histoire de l'Amérique française

ISSN

0035-2357 (print) 1492-1383 (digital)

Explore this journal

Cite this review

Rothney, G. O. (1950). Review of [*The Canadian Historical Review*, XXXI, 2 (Toronto, June 1950): 125-144. R.A. PRESTON, "The Laconia Company of 1629: An English Attempt to Intercept the Fur Trade"]. *Revue d'histoire de l'Amérique française*, 4(2), 293–293. https://doi.org/10.7202/801647ar

Tous droits réservés © Institut d'histoire de l'Amérique française, 1950

This document is protected by copyright law. Use of the services of Érudit (including reproduction) is subject to its terms and conditions, which can be viewed online.

https://apropos.erudit.org/en/users/policy-on-use/



REVUE DES REVUES

The Canadian Historical Review, XXXI, 2 (Toronto, June 1950): 125-144. R.A. Preston, "The Laconia Company of 1629: An English Attempt to Intercept the Fur Trade".

"The story of the Anglo-French struggle for North America, from the discoveries of Cabot and Cartier down to the victory of Wolfe, can be written around the theme of competition for the fur trade of the continent". This article, by Dr. Preston of the Royal Military College of Canada, deals with a plan made by some Englishmen in 1629 to strike at the sources of the furs, at a time when David Kirke's capture of Quebec had given English interests the fur monopoly for a few years. "This enterprise was known as the Laconia Company, and its basic idea was to seize territory in the interior and so to gain control of the trade even though the trading posts on the St. Lawrence should eventually be returned to France." The attempt was a failure, but it "revealed why the fur trade of New England could not compete with that of the French to the north and the Dutch to the south".

Gordon O. ROTHNEY