Circuit

Musiques contemporaines



In nomine Zappa, Zappatore

Sketch of an Hypothesis (S/Z^2) + (sv/gw)

In nomine Zappa, Zappatore

Esquisse d'une hypothèse (S/Z^2) + (sv/gw)

John Rea

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Frank Zappa: 10 ans après

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Résumé de l'article

« Le caractère de l'homme, observa Héraclite, fait son destin. » De la même façon, Frank Zappa a noté qu'on est ce qu'on fait (*You are what you is*). *In nomine Zappa, Zappatore* propose une déconstruction, à la fois philologique et iconographique, du nom italien / masque (*persona*), Zappa. L'article suggère que, non seulement le caractère d'un homme est son démon mais aussi que FZ était un ouvrier artistique assidu et subversif.

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In nomine Zappa, Zappatore Sketch of an Hypothesis (S/Z²) + (sv/gw)

John Rea

Man's character is his daimon.

Or

The character of a man is his destiny. [frag. 119: ήθοζ άνθρώπω δαίμων]

Heraclitus

'Ouverture filologica zappesca'

Etymologies

Latinus (tardus)	Italiano	Français	English	Deutsche
sappa(m)	Zарра	houe (mil.) sape	Hoe (<i>mil</i> .) sap, trench	Hacke, Haue (mil.) Sappe
	Zappone	pioche	mattock, pickax(e)	Karst, Spitzhacke
	Zappata	coup de pioche	whack, chop of the pickax	Der Hack, Schlag der Haue
	Zappare zappa (3° pers. sing.)	houer, cultiver, saper, miner Il houe ; il sape.	to dig, to till soil, to sap, to undermine He hoes; he saps.	hacken, Ackerbau treiben, sappieren, unterminieren Er häckt ; er sappiert.
	Zapponare	piocher	to dig with a mattock	das Erdreich bearbeiten
	Zappatore	terrassier paysan	Digger peasant, farmer	Gräber, Schipper, (Hacker) Bauer
	(<i>mil.</i>) genio di zappatori	(mil.) sapeur(s)	(mil.) corps of sapers	(mil.) Pionier

Latinus	Español	Italiano	Français	English
sapa		vino nuovo	nouveau vin (vin réduit)	new wine (plant juice)
	(fig.) savia	(fig.) linfa	(fig.) sève	(fig) sap, (pejor.) saphead
vappa(m)		vappa	mauvais vin; vin éventé vin affaibli	bad wine, sour wine weak wine
		(fig.) privo di buon senso sciocco, imbecile vanesio, briccone	(fig.) niais, sot, bête vaurien, gredin fat, coquin	(fig.) lacking in good sense good-for-nothing, fool fop, rascal
	guapo	(dial. Napol.) guappo	Audacieux, dandy belle canaille Matamore, fanfaron petite brute, sicaire	audacious, dandy handsome rogue braggart, cocky bully, thug
			gouape, voyou, rital	(Amer. slang) wop, (woppa)

Homonymy (homophony), paronymy

English (20th C. slang, jargon)	Italiano	Français
(etym. : onomat., gun fire, sudden action)		
zap [!]		tonus, entrain paf! (exclam.)
to zap (transitive)		détruire, tuer tirer sur assommer traiter (au laser ; à micro-ondes ; irradier) supprimer (inform.)
zapped (also hacker slang)		piquant, épicé (aussi argot, pirates informatiques)
to zap (intransitive)		faire un saut, pitonner, zapper (télé.)
zapping	uso frenetico del telecomando	zapping, pitonnage (télé.)
zapper (also slang pronunciation on the model, gangster- gangsta, rapper-rappa, hence, zapper-zappa)		télécommande (Il existe gangster, rap(p)eur, mais non pas zap(p)eur.)

Expressions, sayings, 'dictons'

Italiano	Français	English
Darsi la zappa sui piedi	se donner un coup de houe sur les pieds (donner des verges pour se faire fouetter; scier la branche sur laquelle on est assis)	to defeat one's own ends, to rap one's own knuckles
Zappare quattrini, denari	Houer les sous, l'argent, comme si on l'extrait de la terre	to make money
Zappare nell'acqua, nella sabbia	Houer dans l'eau, dans le sable (travailler sans succès)	to build castles in the air
Stare coi frati e zappare l'orto	Rester avec les moines et houer le potager (se plier, aux décisions des dirigeants dans une entreprise)	Stay at home with the monks and mind the garden
Non suona il pianoforte, lo zappa	il ne joue pas du piano, il houe, il pioche	he doesn't play piano, he stabs it
Riede alla sua parca mensa, fischi-ando, il zappatore ¹	il retourne à son maigre repas, en sifflant, le paysan	He comes home to his meagre dinner, whistling, the peasant
	Je peux reconnaître des ritals de loin	Wops, said Boyle, I can tell wops a mile off. ²
	les pilotes laissent entendre que les ritals étaient trouillards, qu'ils ne pouvaient pas voler à travers les nuages	The pilots suggested that 'Wops were yellow' or that they could not 'take it through cloud' ³
	Recalibrer à six le niveau d'analyse, et recommencer	zap the debug level to 6 and run it again
	je pense que cet éclair a supprimé le contrôleur du disque dur	I think that lightning bolt may have zapped the disk controller

- 1. LEOPARDI, G. (1953), "Il sabato del villaggio" (1829), lines 28-29, *Canti*, Rizzoli, Milano, p. 101.
- 2. HEMINGWAY, E. (1925), In Our Time, New York, Scribners, p. 17.
- 3. (1942), Royal Air Force Journal, 26 June, London, Eyre and Spottiswoode, p. 63.
- 4. See ZAPPA, F. and OCCHIOGROSSO, P. (1989), The Real Frank Zappa Book, New York, Poseidon Press. At page 15: "My real name is Frank Vincent Zappa (not Francis - I'll explain it later)." At page 245: "I was in my mid-twenties when I found out! Up until the time I had to get a passport for the first European tour [1967], I thought my name was Francis - a name I had always hated. In order to get the passport, I had to present my birth certificate - a mysterious document I had never seen before. My mother mailed it to me from California, and on it, much to my delight, was a name OTHER THAN FRANCIS [emphasis by FZ] well it wasn't that good - 'Frank' isn't much of a bargain - but I had thought for years, even printing it on album covers, that I was Francis Vincent Zappa Junior. How could I be such a fool?)." FZ's father was Sicilian of Greek heritage: his mother of French/Italian origin. The name, Francesco (Francis), is an adjectival form meaning Frankish, or, related to France. Had FZ been named Franco (a 'Frank'), Francis would be a normal equivalent in English, less so, Frank. FZ's father may have originally been named Franco.

Thesis One

Italianess (Italianité) — What's in a name — Paths to unrealized destinies

In America, had FZ, born in 1940 as Frank Vincent Zappa — believing until about 1966 nevertheless that his first name was actually Francis⁴ — removed his mask (*persona*) of Italianess (*Italianité*) early on in life, he might have become any number of self-made men:

F. Vincent Mattock, corporation lawyer, or Vinnie Saper, head coach of the Baltimore Boars, or Franz V. Schipper, vice-president (marketing), or Effvie Hacker, computer consultant. But FZ does not really tamper with his mask nor does he try to make the one he has more beautiful. He does not do like the patriarch of Italian-American literature from the early nineteenth century, Emanuele Conegliano, professor of Italian language and literature and department head at Columbia University, better known in the late eighteenth century as Lorenzo Da Ponte, librettist to Mozart.

FZ does not become Francesco Zappa (cf. FZ's recording (1984) of the music of Francesco Zappa (1763-1788), cellist and composer), that is, he does not cross over into Italianess (Italianité) like soprano Marie Louise Cécile La Jeunesse (1847-1930), born at Chambly (Quebec) but who had lived in Plattsburgh and Albany (New York). The debut of her operatic career in 1870 at Messina (Sicily, not New York) was also accompanied by a new name, Emma Albani, chosen for her by an Italian impresario, after an old distinguished family, a name she thought was predestined: she had already lived in 'Albany'.

Although FZ truncates his name to two letters, he does not shorten the family name, say to Zapp, similar to American composer and author of pedagogical books, Walter Piston (1894-1976), born Pistone, the grandson of an Italian seaman. FZ hated the name Francis ('Fran', 'sis', 'sissy'), for no boy born with that name could ever possibly live with it especially after *Francis the Talking Mule* (1949). The first in a popular post-War film series ended the use of the name for generations. The story: in Burma, a very intelligent mule befriends a soldier⁵ helping him become a war hero, whereupon he is treated like a lunatic for trying to show that Francis talks. FZ, in his own way, becomes 'lunatic'. In Christian hagiography, Francis of Assisi, patron saint of Italy, talks to birds and animals and they talk to him; he also converses with his 'Fratello Sole' and his 'Sorella Luna'. FZ naturally speaks with his daughter, Moon Unit.

Nor does FZ adopt an entirely new name like American guitarist Eddie Lang, born Salvatore Massaro (1902-33), and also known as Blind Willie Dunn. Massaro became the most sought after New York session player of his day working with the Paul Whiteman Orchestra and later with Bing Crosby.

FZ does not replace his mask nor does he transform his name like so many other artists of his generation. In short, he does not let a potential encumbrance impede his progress; instead he converts a liability into an asset. In the Italian language, the expression for changing one's name within the professional world of art (using a pseudonym) is *nome d'arte*, or, *in arte*, such as in the remark, Robert Zimmerman, in arte Bob Dylan, or, Freddie Mercury, nome d'arte di Farookh Balsara.

Some notable mask adjustments and/or replacements in arte are:

Paul Creston, American composer (Giuseppe Guttoveggio, 1906-85),

Violet Archer, Canadian composer (Violetta Balestreri, 1913-2000)

Dean Martin, popular singer (Dino Paul Crocetti, 1917-95)

Peter Mennin, American composer, head, Julliard School (Peter Mennini, 1923-1983)

5. The actor, Donald O'Connor.

Tony Bennett, popular singer (Antonio Benedetto, 1926-)

Jerry Vale, popular singer (Gennaro Louis Vitaliano, 1932-)

Bobby Darin, popular singer (Walden Robert Cassotto, 1936-73)

James Darren, popular singer and actor (James William Ercolani, 1936)

Frankie Valli, popular singer, The Four Seasons (Francis Stephen Castelluccio, 1937-)

Frankie Avalon, popular singer and actor (Francis Thomas Avallone, 1939-)

Dion, popular singer, Dion and the Belmonts (Dion Di Mucci, 1939-)

Bobby Rydell, popular singer (Robert Ridarelli, 1942-)

Fabian, popular singer (Fabiano Forte Bonaparte, 1943-).

David Chase, American television writer, The Sopranos (David De Cesare, 1945-).

Other nomi d'arte for actors, singers and personalities of Italian origin:

Alan Alda (Alfonso D'Abruzzo), Charles Atlas (Angelo Siciliano), Anne Bancroft (Anne Italiano), Louie Bellson (Luigi Balassone), Nicolas Cage (Nicholas Kim Coppola), Vic Damone (Vito Farinola), Connie Francis (Concetta Franconero), Terence Hill (Mario Girotti), Frankie Laine (Francesco LoVecchio), Mario Lanza (Alfredo Cocozza), Sophia Loren (Sofia Villani Scicolone), Madonna (Madonna Veronica Louise Ciccone), Yves Montand (Ivo Levi), Bernadette Peters (Bernadette Lazzaro), Frank Sinatra (Francis Albert Sinatra), Bud Spencer (Carlo Pedersoli), Robert Stack (Robert Modini), Connie Stevens (Concetta Ingolia), Rudolph Valentino (Rodolfo Guglielmi).

Thesis Two

Iconography - Mirror, Mirror on the Wall - the Z-structure

As early as 1970, with a photo of his 'scary' and mustached face appearing on a compilation recording⁶ — a photo suggestive of a careful hybridization between Groucho Marx and Che Guevara, if not Emiliano Zapata (Mexican revolutionary hero) with rolled bandanna around his neck — large letters are arranged at the top of the album jacket, *Zapped*. Here, perhaps, is the first commercial attempt to secure a public image for FZ through a quasi-interlingual paronymy that capitalizes upon the family name. The Zappa Family Trust carries this on today in the same vein⁷.

From that moment forward, someone (a 'kidnappa'?, FZ himself?) harnesses the letter Z by means of rhetorical figures, synecdoche and metonymy, but taken visually⁸. Similar in impact to trademark branding, this new conscript, Z, digs in deeply. Thus it is quite easy to decipher a new iconographic conceit resident on the cover of FZ's tenth album, Weasels Ripped My Flesh (1970, FZ, Mothers of Invention): a hidden 'charpente' in the slant of the smiling man's face, top right to bottom left, i.e., the diagonal of the letter Z.

- 6. WARNER BROTHERS (1970), Zapped, compilation album, PRO 368. For a view of this album cover see, http://home.clara.net/fil/rocksamplers/warner.htm
- 7. At the following Internet site, one can see all the FZ album covers. http://store-sense01.dynamic.net/zappa/Search.bok?category=Ryko+Releases
- 8. Earlier, in 1964, FZ renamed a recording studio that he had purchased, Studio Z.
- 9. Cf. BOULEAU, C. (1963), Charpentes, la géométrie secrète des peintres, Paris, Éd. Le Seuil, 269 p.

This Z-structure with guitar and/or other objects also appears on:

Burnt Weeny Sandwich (1970), 200 Motels (1971), Just Another Band From L.A. [automobile] (1972), Waka / Jawaka [sink bottom] (1972), One Size Fits All [sofa] (1975), Sleep Dirt [a bed] (1979), The Grand Wazoo (1979), Ship Arriving Too Late To Save A Drowning Witch [tangram-like figure] (1982), Shut Up 'n Play Yer Guitar (1982), The Man From Utopia (1983), Jazz From Hell [also a reverse Z: left to right] (1986), Guitar (1988), The Best Band You Never Heard in Your Life [stage light slant] (1991).

The Z-structure with faces (profiles, noses) or body parts (legs, bodies, etc.):

Chunga's Revenge (1970), Zoot Allures (1976), Sheik Yerbouti (1979), Joe's Garage Acts I, II, and III (1980), You Are What You Is (1981), Baby Snakes (1983), Them Or Us [animal face] (1984), Francesco Zappa - Frank Zappa [same animal face] (1984), Thing Fish (1984), The Yellow Shark (1993).

The Z-structure eventually emerges literally in an S-replacement¹⁰: the title of a post-humous recording, *Civilization Phaze III* (1994) appears as an answer to questions FZ asks on the album *We're Only in It for the Money* (1968): Is this Phase One of *Lumpy Gravy*? and on *Lumpy Gravy* (1967): Is this Phase Two of *We're Only in It for the Money*?¹¹

- 10. This S/Z affectation works well thanks to linguistic tensions between the graphemic and phonemic dimensions of English, both in its British and American varieties. It also evokes the pronunciation defect known in French as 'zézaiement' (verb, 'zézayer'), where 'S' and 'J' are replaced with 'Z'.
- 11. I would like to thank Réjean Beaucage for pointing out this example to me.

Thesis Three

Size matters not. Look at me. Judge me by my size, do you? And well you should not. For my ally is the Force. And a powerful ally it is.

> Yoda¹² The Empire Strikes Back (film, 1980)

Hellenicity of words — S, M, L, XL — American-style

Musicologist, composer and raconteur, Nicolas Slonimsky writes about an invitation in 1981 from FZ who wanted to meet the author of the *Thesaurus of Scales and Melodic Patterns* (1947). In his luxurious home located in the Hollywood Hills, "Zappa met me at the door. He looked like a leading man in the movies — tall, slender, sporting a slight [?!] Italian moustache. For starters, I asked him the origin of his last name; he replied it meant 'the plough' [British spelling] in Italian." ¹³

Now, hyperbole is also a rhetorical figure that when well employed can make a lasting impression, as we have just read. 'Plow' in Italian is *aratro* (charrue in French; *aratore*, laboureur; *arare*, labourer). In Greek, plow is 'arotron': ᾶροτρον; mattock,

12. Attribution: U. S. screenwriter, Leigh Brackett (1915–1978) with producer George Lucas and Irvin Kershner. The character Yoda is instructing Luke Skywalker in the use of the Force.

13. SLONIMSKY, N. (1988) Perfect Pitch: a life story, New York, Oxford, p. 251.

pioche, zappone is 'tsopa' or 'tsapa': τσώπα, τσάπα. While the word for hoe, houe, zappa is 'sxalistéri': σχαλιστήρι. Curiously, the word for plowman in Greek begins with a Z, 'zengas': ζενγᾶσ. To plow, connotatively, means for a man to have sex.

Clearly, size matters. Consider the American slang expression, 'wazoo' which deforms the French word for bird, oiseau ('ornis' in Greek), meaning penis ('zizi' in French, i.e., two Z's, double Z-structure; see below the note on FZ's *Questi cazzi...*). ¹⁴ Wazoo, which may also refer to anus, is thus another S/Z interlingual replacement word. The Grand Wazoo (Big Bird), FZ's sobriquet for the hard-driving band of twenty musicians that toured with him in September 1972, also welcomed a state of repose (flaccidity?): The Petit Wazoo, a smaller band, toured with him in October-December 1972. The disk, *The Grand Wazoo*, appeared in 1972.

In our historical epoch, social commentators concede that, as U. S. economist Veblen so rightly observed as early as 1914, "Invention is the mother of necessity." ¹⁵ Verve-MGM Records thought so too: in 1965 in order to avoid censorship problems, the company obliged FZ to change the name of his group, Mothers (1965), formerly Muthers (1964), due to a not so hidden double entendre. This strategy bespoke of a classical conservatism for the band's rebaptised name endorsed the original notion from ancient Greece: "A State, said I [Socrates], arises, as I conceive, out of the needs of mankind" (...) "let us begin and create in idea a State; and yet the true creator is necessity, who is the mother of our invention." ¹⁶

- 14. 'Zizi' is a deformation of 'oiseau' (Petit Robert dictionary, lang. enfantin). Thus 'wazoo' results as a deformation of 'oiseau' pronounced with an American accent (where 'zi-zi' has two Z's not two Zed's). In Italian, 'uccello' (bird) is also slang for penis. In French slang there is also 'zob' (arabic, 'zobb').
- 15. VEBLEN, T. (1914), The Instinct of Workmanship, New York, B.W. Huebsch, p. 47.
- 16. PLATO (1930), Republic, P. Shorey, trad., Cambridge, Harvard, book II, 369-C.

Thesis Four

Enfin la grossièreté de sa bassesse est poussée jusqu'à chanter (...)

Voltaire sur l' "Art burlesque" Dictionnaire philosophique

Doo-wop - Wops are yellow - Doin' wop

A lexicon of FZ literary (interlingual, scatalogical¹⁷, etc.) puns and musical invective, were anyone so disposed to publishing it, would be very extensive and range from the silly *Sheik Yerbouti* (shake your body) to the suave *Zoot Allures* ('zut, alors' in French¹⁸, but which may also mean 'allures de Zoot' or 'Soot Allures', that is, may either allude to the glamour of hoodlums and pimps wearing a 'zoot suit' [by paraphrastic homophony with 'zuit suit'], or to FZ's early 1963 band, The Soots¹⁹). Puns and invective have always nourished the belligerence and rebellion of youth, not only in its creative obsession for haberdashery and habiliments — flappers (1920s),

- 17. PHI ZAPPA KRAPPA are words on FZ's toilet poster. Parodying American fraternity-sorority clubs, he creates a macaronic chain of quasi Greek letters, phi ($\Phi \sim F$.), Zappa ($Z \sim z$ eta), Krappa ($K \sim k$ appa).
- 18. 'Zut, alors' is a common French euphemism for the word, merde (shit). This is another interlingual (S/Z) pairing, 'shit' for 'zut'.
- 19. Compare the soot-covered face of FZ on Joe's Garage Act I (1979), Joe's Garage Acts II & III (1979).

zoot suiters (1930-40s), greasers (1950s), hippies (1960s) — but also in its evolving slang vernaculars about styles in American popular music — jazz, swing, bebop, re-bop, doo-wop, motown, disco, hip-hop, pop, rock, punk, techno, grunge, house, break, rap, smurf, trash, and so forth. Viewed from Europe, such teeming activity has always been explained away as further evidence of the 18th century social theory that certifies Americans (Californians?) as noble savages and 'grands enfants'. The reception in the 1960s, for example, of John Cage's music resembles to a considerable extent the reception provided FZ's music in 1991-93, particularly in his project, *The Yellow Shark* (Der Gelbe Hai). No one in the 'old country' could remain unaffected by the playful and ironic possibility that, *a fortiori*, such an evocative patronymic might also mean, The Cowardly Rogue.

Although FZ is portrayed on the album covers, Jazz from Hell (1986) and Broadway the Hard Way (1988), as an urbane musical artisan, elegantly dressed in 'Miami Vice'²⁰ Italian suits (as a 'guappo'), one cannot help but think that even after twenty-five years of career he still wanted to be seen as a handsome old rascal ('vappa') continuing and resolutely pursuing his role as provocative wop, 'to see himself as others saw him'.²¹

- 20. This popular television crime series of the 1980s also promoted the latest fashion trends for men. FZ had a staring role in episode 41 (second season, broadcast on NBC, March 14, 1986). For more information see: http://www.miami-vice.org/episode/episode.asp?season=2&episode=41
- 21. This is a paraphrase of a line by Scottish poet, Robert Burns: "Oh wad some power the giftie gie us/ To see oursels as others see us!", To a Louse (1786), stanza 8.

Hypothesis

 $(S/Z^2) + (sv/gw) = FZ$

Zappa zappa (Zappa houe, Zappa hoes, Zappa häckt): he works hard. Zappa is also a zappa (il est une sape, he is a trench, Er ist eine Sappe) meaning that, with his zappa (houe, hoe, Hacke), with each and every zappata (coup de pioche, whack of the mattock, Schlag des Karstes), he works as a musical terrorist, a zappatore (sapeur, saper, Pionier). But once the zappatore has completed (as FZ did between 1961-1970) his belligerent and revolutionary zappare (saper, undermining, sappieren), he wishes later to work above ground, simply zappare (cultiver, to till soil, Ackerbau treiben), and with each zappata (coup de pioche, whack of the hoe, Schlag der Haue), the aggressive zappatore transforms himself into an eager and rugged zappatore (paysan, farmer, Bauer). New tools come into use (after 1970 for FZ), sophisticated tools, bigger tools, industrial tools: size does matter, as we know (GRAND WAZOO, petit wazoo). And so he exchanges his old zappa (houe, hoe, Haue) for a zappone (pioche, pickaxe, Spitzhacke) and again works very hard, this time, on himself, convincing the inner self that he's a plow. Said and depicted in a different way —

— zappa Zappa (il cultive Zappa, he tills Zappa, Er ackerbautriebt Zappa), attaining a level in the soil consistency of his creativity where old habits, like old weeds (belligerent negativity), eventually return with the result that zappa Zappa (il sape

Zappa, he undermines Zappa, Er sappiert Zappa). In fact, Zappa zaps himself, and being zapped, he evolves into a zapper ('zappa'), zapping others along the way by mocking their work (as early as 1968; see the Beatles' spoof in We're Only in It for the Money). Throughout all of this, one knows that he had always enjoyed doo-wop and that, moreover, he frequently gave privilege to songs (e.g. Questi cazzi²² di piccione) where he could 'do' wop. This is Commedia dell'Arte whose archetypal masks (maschere) FZ dons invariably with little or no discomfort in his role as social and artistic critic: the rustic, the sponger, the pimp, the sycophant, the buffoon, the rascal, the shrew, the slave, the servant as well as the master.

Let us name the mask that speaks FZ's 'muther' tongue, Zappa, Zappatore.

History has also shown how, before his illness seized him, he had discovered in himself a new sapa, a new organic vitality, a new zest, with zap. Now, as a new zapper (zappa), sensing that he was no longer vappa (weak as sour wine), he zapped (spiced up) his new music, zap!, where once ere fop then guapp' then wop had thundered. But, alas, his time of music ceased...

Zoot! Yet its sounds so urge upon us the sapience that still today we can say.

Non suona la musica, lo Zappa (he doesn't play music, he does it FZ's way il ne joue pas de la musique, il en fait à la manière de FZ)

ήθοζ άνθρώπω δαίμων

You are what you is²³

$$FZ = (S/Z^2) + (sv/gw)$$

Q. E. F.

22. FZ's translation, 'Those Fucking Pigeons', in *The Yellow Shark* album, is a paraphrase and not literally correct. The Italian word has a familiar ring: revealing two Z's and a double Z-structure, like the French word 'zizi', the vulgar 'cazzo' (plural, 'cazzi') means in English, cock, dick.

23. The song, from the album of the same name, concerns a black man who wants to become white, and a white man who wants to be black.

