Errata

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Nous prions le lecteur de bien vouloir noter que des modifications ont été apportées aux figures 3 (p. 309) et 5 (p. 311) de l'article de Serge Occhietti intitulé « Dynamique de l'Inlandsis laurentidien du Sangamonien à l'Holocène » paru en 1987 dans le volume 41, n° 2, p. 301-313.

FIGURE 3. La quantité d'énergie solaire ou insolation en Langley/jour ($41,868 \text{ kJm}^{-2} \text{ jour}$) selon la latitude et la saison thermique entre 160 ka et aujourd'hui d'après VERNEKAR (1972).

The quantity of solar energy or radiation in Langley/day ($41,868 \text{ kJm}^{-2}/\text{day}$) depending on the latitude and the thermal season between 160 ka and today, from VERNEKAR (1972).

The three components of the Earth's orbit, causes of the variations in time of the radiation at the latitudes and main causes of the climatic variations, after BERNARD (1974). The radiation at the latitudes depends on : a) the eccentricity of the Earth's orbit around the Sun ; b) the obliquity of the Earth's axis in relation to the normal along the ecliptic at a time t. The axis describes a complete cone 2° in 26,000

years ; c) the position of the perihelion in relation to the corresponding vernal point. This angle varies from 0 to 360° with an average period of 20,600 years. This period is the result of the combination of the reversed motion of the precession of the equinoxes during a 26,000 year period and of the direct rotary motion of the axis PA over an irregular period for an average of 96,600 years.

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